

liver said record or records to the governor of Vermont, the same to be deposited in the archives of said State."

The records, in accordance with the resolution of Congress were duly delivered to me, through the intervention of Senator Proctor, and the same have been deposited in the archives of the State; there to remain forever as a most important part of the history of the beginnings of Vermont.

The story of the unearthing and recovery of these records, and the authenticity and original character of the same is told clearly and conclusively in the volume embracing the fac simile of said records arranged and published by Senator Proctor in February of this year at Washington; many copies of which the Senator has generously distributed among the libraries and citizens of this State. The research, the ingenuity and the evident determination to arrive at the exact truth, and the inestimable value of the work itself to this State, are matters upon which the Senator and the State are to be heartily congratulated.

In 1896 it was the peculiar privilege and good fortune of Senator George F. Hoar of Massachusetts to cause to be brought from England and presented to his native State the celebrated and priceless manuscript which contains the original record of the life in Leyden of the founders of Plymouth of the voyage across the sea, and of the first thirty years of the colony in America. The manuscript contains the compact made on board the Mayflower—the first written constitution in history.

It is now the privilege of Senator Proctor to have rendered a similar service to his State.

Of both these achievements the language of Senator Hoar is most fittingly appropriate:

"The American people in the midst of all their material activities, their desire for wealth and empire, are a sentimental people, easily and deeply stirred by anything that touches their finer feelings, especially anything that relates to their history."

Vermont Revolutionary Rolls

Under the provisions of the act to provide for the collecting and publishing of the Boston, Muster Rolls and other Colonial and Revolutionary records, a very handsome volume of over eight hundred pages, with a copious and comprehensive index, has been edited and published under the supervision of Prof. J. E. Goodrich of Burlington. The volume has been deposited in the archives of the State, and should not only be of great benefit, but of great value to everyone interested in the early military history of Vermont.

Some Recommendations.

Vermont has the making of an empire. The slate, the marble, the granite, that underlie her life and mountains hold the promise and potency of inexhaustible wealth.

Vermont is also a natural park. It is capable of infinite improvement.

One method would be to form a State organization for solving the forestry problem in Vermont, following the example of European countries, and supplementing the work of the United States Bureau of Forestry. Let a commission be appointed by the governor of three or five eminent gentlemen who are deeply interested in this subject and who would serve without compensation, and whose duty it should be to adopt a comprehensive forestry policy for the State, and a plan for the protection and replanting of forests, for the study of their quality and composition, the conditions necessary for the successful reproduction of the most valuable trees, the prevention of forest fires, the relation of the growth of forests to humidity and the rain fall, and to designate methods by which lumbering operations may be best carried on so as to leave the lands cut over in a condition which will more readily admit of forest reproduction.

The aim of the commission should be both utilitarian and aesthetic.

According to the census the forest product of Vermont was, in 1899, second in value—the hay and forage crop, only exceeding it. This timber crop should continue to be one of Vermont's most valuable assets. The existing timber lands should be so utilized as to secure not only present profit, but insure development and continuance. Of the land in Vermont included in farms, more than one-half is unimproved. The waste and abandoned tracts of the State should be planted and planted intelligently with such varieties of trees as will be most profitable to our children, as well as enhancing the wealth and beauty of the State.

Hand in hand with the preservation and rehabilitation of the forests, go the conservation and development of the water power of the State. Water by the law of nature must, of necessity, be common to all. No one can have more than a temporary, transient property in it. This wealth-producing power the State should guard and protect and from it derive great benefit. It is inexhaustible, for nature replenishes it. Its value is incalculable, now that the transmission of the electric current over long distances is an accomplished fact. The distribution of electricity to points far distant from the place of its generation, opens up vast possibilities in the utilization of water power.

Massachusetts, with not quite one-sixth the area of New York, has, under its enlightened policy, developed 187,000 water horse power as against New York's 220,000 (excluding Niagara). And this she has done by utilizing the power by means of immense dams on the Connecticut at Holyoke and Turners Falls, and by a system of canals affording a succession of mill sites. The same policy has been followed on the tributaries of the Connecticut and on all the power-producing streams of the State.

Vermont should obtain a similar return from her streams.

Let a commission be appointed, to act without compensation, which shall adopt a plan covering the entire State for the preservation and utilization of its water powers, for the construction of reservoirs and reserve ponds on the streams, for the regulation of the flow and use of the water and for its protection from waste.

In this connection I would call attention to the general abuse of the streams of the State, by turning into them the chemical dyes and waste material from manufacturing and the sewage from the towns, all of which could and should be taken care of by modern disposal plants. Witness—St. Albans, St. Johnsbury, Vergennes, Enosburg Falls,

Waterbury and other places, the condition of which and of the streams near by has had the earnest attention of the Board of Health.

The very elaborate and exhaustive report of this board made to the Governor, furnishes most useful and valuable information upon this and kindred subjects.

In the spring of 1903, a petition signed by many representative citizens and taxpayers of the city of Burlington and adjoining towns in Chittenden, Addison and Grand Isle counties, was presented to the Governor, alleging the pollution of the waters of Lake Champlain, caused by the refuse from mills located on the streams emptying into the lake and other contaminating discharges therein. I referred the whole matter of the pollution of Lake Champlain to the State Board of Health, furnishing them with a copy of the petition and directing them to make a thorough investigation and report the result.

At the same time, I placed myself in communication with the Hydrographic Bureau of the United States. Upon my representation the Bureau was induced to order an examination of the waters under the charge of Mr. M. O. Leighton, the chief of the Division of Hydro-Economics.

Proceeding for several months past and so far as I am able to judge, the examination has been most thorough, scientific and productive of most beneficial results. The report itself will be printed in the publications of the department at Washington. Vermont is to be congratulated that the Hydrographic Bureau selected so able and efficient a chief as Mr. Leighton to conduct this important work. It is to be hoped that his services may be again secured to complete this examination during the coming season.

Mr. Leighton had ample use of the State Laboratory at Burlington and Dr. Stone of the Laboratory gave him every assistance in his power and earnestly welcomed him in his work.

If, upon the completion of the investigations, it is found that the pollution of the lake by the pulp mills and by the sewage from the towns is injurious and renders the lake unfit or less fit, as a source for municipal water supply, strong and immediate action should be taken. Besides its beauty, Lake Champlain is of the highest value as a reservoir for the furnishing of water for domestic use. Its preservation from contamination is of the utmost importance.

The length of the lake, great in proportion to its width, gives to the local conditions of bottom and shores a more decided effect upon the quality and character of the waters in different parts of the lake, and makes such an investigation difficult and involved. It will be impossible to satisfactorily complete the examination this season. Whether or not it is to be continued next season depends largely upon the action of the State of Vermont.

Resolutions should be passed expressing your conviction of the importance and necessity for the continuance of this investigation, and recommending and urging in the strongest language your Representatives in Congress to use their best endeavors to have the work carried on in a thorough manner to its conclusion.

Good Roads.

This nation, under high pressure, during the past thirty years, has been building over one hundred and thirty thousand miles of steam railways; and during the past fifteen years twenty-five thousand miles of electric railways. It is not time that equal energy be expended during the next five or ten years on a general system of improved highways throughout the country? No man can calculate the resulting benefits, in the increase of farm values, in the enhancement of the wealth, the comfort, the health, the happiness of our people, lifting the nation to a higher place in the scale of the world's civilization.

I am not a believer in national aid to the states in this matter of road building. Every state in its own interest, should be allowed to work out its own road system. There is now quite a general movement in this direction throughout many of the states, and in our own State some permanent road building has been effected.

There is no magic in this matter of road building. It will require the expenditure of time and money. But in the future the labor and cost will be repaid ten fold in the benefits which will accrue. And it is easily perceivable that the benefits will be proportionately greater to the smaller towns, which are more inaccessible to other lines of communication.

I have not been able to work out for this message a complete or satisfactory scheme for permanent highways in the State. I can only give a skeleton.

Let a commission of three or five prominent men of the State be appointed by the Governor, with the advice of the Senate, to serve without compensation during the time requisite to work out a road scheme; the Commissioner of Highways also being a member of the commission. Let the commission adopt a scheme for the construction of improved highways, of course utilizing the present as far as may be, providing for, say, two or three lines running north and south, on the west and east sides of the State, and six or seven lines east and west across the State, aggregating twenty or nine hundred miles of highways altogether. With the materials for road building which this State so abundantly furnishes, this is feasible.

By improved highways I do not necessarily mean macadam roads, for it is extremely doubtful whether such roads are the best, the most economical or the most permanent for our climate, even if they could be as cheaply constructed as roads of other materials. An important factor is to see to it that, as and when permanent roads are built, they are kept in repair.

If Vermont is to increase in wealth and population as her position entitles her to, then some scheme for the improvement of her roads must be sooner or later adopted. Can any one doubt the resulting inflow of visitors, as well as the increase in permanent residents?

Is Vermont to continue to stand still? Nearly a quarter of a century ago, the vote for Governor was greater than it has since been or ever was before. In 1880 to be the permanent high-water mark! Is Vermont satisfied with a stationary census? Is the time to come when Vermont is to have

but a single representative in the lower House of Congress?

Does any one believe that a constitutional convention would increase the wealth or population of Vermont? Does any one believe that an increase of representation in the larger towns would add a dollar to the State's wealth? Frequent changes in the fundamental laws are an injury to a commonwealth. The provision of our Constitution, like that of the Federal Constitution, makes it difficult of amendment, has received the highest encomiums of modern political philosophers as one of the wisest guarantees of good government. Such provisions insure solidity and security, which are the vital attributes of fundamental law. The towns have always, and it is to be hoped will always furnish such legislation as is best and wisest for their respective communities. They are the governing republics of the State.

In scholarship, in literary effort, in her influence in national affairs, Vermont has always been in the front rank. The time has never been when Vermont's representatives at Washington have not exerted primary and potential influence in the National Councils.

Take the day when she may also take her legitimate place among her sister States, in material wealth and in population.

John G. McCullough.

WILLIAMSTOWN.

Millinery opening at our millinery and dressmaking parlors, Beckett block, Williamstown, Friday, Oct. 7th, afternoon and evening.

Miss L. E. Townsend, Mrs. Nelson Vassar.

Notice to All Union Men.

That the Congregational Church, and the Baker house at Williamstown are non-union jobs.

REAL ESTATE SALE FOR PAVING ASSESSMENT.

Whereas, the Street Commissioners of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington and State of Vermont, in pursuance to the resolution of its City Council, duly passed, did on the 21st day of November, A. D. 1903, assess upon the lands of W. A. Boyce, for grading, paving, macadamizing, curbing and guttering a certain portion of North Main Street, in said City of Barre, upon the following described lands of said W. A. Boyce abutting on said street, to-wit:

Bounded on the North by land owned by Mary Jane Durkee, on the West by J. A. Branch, on the South by land owned by Caroline King, Ella Reed, Alice Jones, and the heirs of A. C. Reed's estate, and on the East by North Main Street.

The sum of \$4,038.4 dollars per front foot of said land abutting on said North Main Street amounting in all to the sum of Seventy three & 38-100 Dollars.

Now, this is to warn the said W. A. Boyce who has not paid said assessment and neglects and refuses so to do to the City Treasurer of said City of Barre, or to the subscriber, and all whom it may concern that so much of said lands will be sold at public auction at and upon said land and premises as described above, of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington, aforesaid, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1904, at 8:30 o'clock, p. m., as will be requisite to discharge said assessment with costs.

Dated at the City of Barre, in said County of Washington this 24th day of August, A. D. 1904.

JAMES R. COUTTS, Collector of the City of Barre, Vt.

REAL ESTATE SALE FOR PAVING ASSESSMENT.

Whereas, the Street Commissioners of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington and State of Vermont, in pursuance to the resolution of its City Council, duly passed, did on the 21st day of November, A. D. 1903, assess upon the lands of E. A. Prindle and Charles W. Averill for grading, paving, macadamizing, curbing and guttering a certain portion of North Main Street, in said City of Barre, upon the following described lands of said E. A. Prindle and Charles W. Averill abutting on said street, to-wit:

Bounded Northerly by land owned by the widow and legatees of E. E. French, Easterly by land of Prindle & Averill, Southerly by land owned by the heirs of Julia Morse and Westerly by North Main Street.

The sum of \$4,038.4 dollars per front foot of said land abutting on said North Main Street, amounting in all to the sum of One hundred Sixty Nine 61-100 Dollars.

Now, this is to warn the said E. A. Prindle and Charles W. Averill who has not paid said assessments and neglects and refuses so to do to the City Treasurer of said City of Barre, or to the subscriber, and all whom it may concern, that so much of said lands will be sold at public auction at and upon said land and premises as described above, of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington, aforesaid, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1904, at 8:30 o'clock, p. m., as will be requisite to discharge said assessment with costs.

Dated at the City of Barre, in said County of Washington this 24th day of August, A. D. 1904.

JAMES R. COUTTS, Collector of the City of Barre, Vt.

REAL ESTATE SALE FOR PAVING ASSESSMENT.

Whereas, the Street Commissioners of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington and State of Vermont, in pursuance to the resolution of its City Council, duly passed, did on the 21st day of November, A. D. 1903, assess upon the lands of E. A. Prindle and Charles W. Averill for grading, paving, macadamizing, curbing and guttering a certain portion of North Main Street, in said City of Barre, upon the following described lands of said E. A. Prindle and Charles W. Averill abutting on said street, to-wit:

Bounded Northerly by land owned by the widow and legatees of E. E. French, Easterly by land of Prindle & Averill, Southerly by land owned by the heirs of Julia Morse and Westerly by North Main Street.

The sum of \$4,038.4 dollars per front foot of said land abutting on said North Main Street, amounting in all to the sum of One hundred Sixty Nine 61-100 Dollars.

Now, this is to warn the said E. A. Prindle and Charles W. Averill who has not paid said assessments and neglects and refuses so to do to the City Treasurer of said City of Barre, or to the subscriber, and all whom it may concern, that so much of said lands will be sold at public auction at and upon said land and premises as described above, of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington, aforesaid, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1904, at 8:30 o'clock, p. m., as will be requisite to discharge said assessment with costs.

Dated at the City of Barre, in said County of Washington this 24th day of August, A. D. 1904.

JAMES R. COUTTS, Collector of the City of Barre, Vt.

REAL ESTATE SALE FOR PAVING ASSESSMENT.

Whereas, the Street Commissioners of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington and State of Vermont, in pursuance to the resolution of its City Council, duly passed, did on the 21st day of November, A. D. 1903, assess upon the lands of B. W. Bralley, administrator of the estate of Julia Morse for grading, paving, macadamizing, curbing and guttering a certain portion of North Main Street, in said City of Barre, upon the following described lands of said Estate of Julia Morse abutting on said Street, to-wit:

Bounded Northerly by land owned by Prindle & Averill, Easterly and Southerly by land owned by Henry Wood & Helen Fowler, and Westerly by North Main Street.

The sum of \$4,038.4 dollars per front foot of said land abutting on said North Main Street, amounting in all to the sum of One Hundred Seventeen & 79-100 Dollars.

Now, this is to warn the said B. W. Bralley administrator of Julia Morse Est., who has not paid said assessment and neglects and refuses so to do to the City Treasurer of said City of Barre, or to the subscriber, and all whom it may concern, that so much of said lands will be sold at public auction at and upon said land and premises as described above, of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington, aforesaid, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1904, at 8:30 o'clock, p. m., as will be requisite to discharge said assessment with costs.

Dated at the City of Barre, in said County of Washington, this 24th day of August, A. D. 1904.

JAMES R. COUTTS, Collector of the City of Barre, Vt.

to do to the City Treasurer of said City of Barre, or to the subscriber, and all whom it may concern, that so much of said lands will be sold at public auction at and upon said land and premises as described above, of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington, aforesaid, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1904, at ten o'clock, a. m., as will be requisite to discharge said assessment with costs.

Dated at the City of Barre, in said County of Washington, this 24th day of August, A. D. 1904.

JAMES R. COUTTS, Collector of the City of Barre, Vt.

REAL ESTATE SALE FOR PAVING ASSESSMENT.

Whereas, the Street Commissioners of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington and State of Vermont, in pursuance to the resolution of its City Council, duly passed, did on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1903, assess upon the lands of C. N. Barber, trustee, for grading, paving, macadamizing, curbing and guttering a certain portion of South Main Street, in said City of Barre, upon the following described lands of said C. N. Barber, trustee, abutting on said street, to-wit:

Bounded Northerly by land owned by Sue F. Jackson and Southerly by land owned by said Barber, Easterly by South Main Street.

The sum of \$4,263 per front foot, of said land abutting on said South Main street, amounting in all to the sum of Sixty Four 13-100 Dollars.

Now, this is to warn the said Charles N. Barber, Trustee, who has not paid said assessment and neglects and refuses so to do to the City Treasurer of the said City of Barre, or to the subscriber, and all whom it may concern, that so much of said lands will be sold at public auction at and upon said land and premises as described above, of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington, aforesaid, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1904, at 1:30 o'clock, p. m., as will be requisite to discharge said assessment with costs.

Dated at the City of Barre in said County of Washington, this 24th day of August, A. D. 1904.

JAMES R. COUTTS, Collector of the City of Barre, Vermont.

REAL ESTATE SALE FOR PAVING ASSESSMENT.

Whereas, the Street Commissioners of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington and State of Vermont, in pursuance to the resolution of its City Council, duly passed, did on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1903, assess upon the lands of Linly A. Averill for grading, paving, macadamizing, curbing and guttering a certain portion of South Main Street, in said City of Barre, upon the following described lands of said Linly A. Averill abutting on said street, to-wit:

Bounded Northerly by land owned by Fred A. Slayton and Minnie A. Slayton, Southerly by land owned by Louise H. Lazzell and Easterly by Main Street.

The sum of \$4,263 per front foot, of said land abutting on said South Main street, amounting in all to the sum of Two Hundred Eighty-Nine and 27-100 Dollars.

Now, this is to warn the said Linly A. Averill who has not paid said assessment and neglects and refuses so to do to the City Treasurer of the said City of Barre, or to the subscriber, and all whom it may concern, that so much of said lands will be sold at public auction at and upon said land and premises as described above, of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington, aforesaid, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1904, at one o'clock, p. m., as will be requisite to discharge said assessment with costs.

Dated at the City of Barre in said County of Washington, this 24th day of August, A. D. 1904.

JAMES R. COUTTS, Collector of the City of Barre, Vermont.

REAL ESTATE SALE FOR PAVING ASSESSMENT.

Whereas, the Street Commissioners of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington and State of Vermont, in pursuance to the resolution of its City Council, duly passed, did on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1903, assess upon the lands of the First Universalist Society, F. T. Cutler, H. D. Camp and W. H. Gladding, trustees, for grading, paving, macadamizing, curbing and guttering a certain portion of South Main Street, in said City of Barre, upon the following described lands of said First Universalist Society abutting on said street, to-wit:

Bounded Southerly by land owned by Hester A. Richardson, Northerly by Church Street, and westerly by South Main Street, and Easterly by land owned by the Congregational Society of Barre, Vt.

The sum of \$4,263 per front foot, of said land abutting on said South Main street, amounting in all to the sum of Eighty Five 75-100 Dollars.

Now, this is to warn the said First Universalist Society who has not paid said assessment and neglects and refuses so to do to the City Treasurer of said City of Barre, or to the subscriber, and all whom it may concern that so much of said lands will be sold at public auction at and upon said land and premises as described above, of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington, aforesaid, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1904, at Twelve o'clock noon, as will be requisite to discharge said assessment with costs.

Dated at the City of Barre in said County of Washington, this 24th day of August, A. D. 1904.

JAMES R. COUTTS, Collector of the City of Barre, Vermont.

REAL ESTATE SALE FOR PAVING ASSESSMENT.

Whereas, the Street Commissioners of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington and State of Vermont, in pursuance to the resolution of its City Council, duly passed, did on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1903, assess upon the lands of the First Universalist Society, F. T. Cutler, H. D. Camp and W. H. Gladding, Trustees of said Society, for grading, paving, macadamizing, curbing and guttering a certain portion of South Main Street, in said City of Barre, upon the following described lands of said Universalist Society abutting on said street, to-wit:

Bounded Southerly by land owned by Hester A. Richardson, Northerly by Church Street, and westerly by South Main Street, and Easterly by land owned by the Congregational Society of Barre, Vt.

The sum of \$4,263 per front foot, of said land abutting on said South Main street, amounting in all to the sum of Eighty Five 75-100 Dollars.

Now, this is to warn the said First Universalist Society who has not paid said assessment and neglects and refuses so to do to the City Treasurer of said City of Barre, or to the subscriber, and all whom it may concern that so much of said lands will be sold at public auction at and upon said land and premises as described above, of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington, aforesaid, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1904, at Twelve o'clock noon, as will be requisite to discharge said assessment with costs.

Dated at the City of Barre in said County of Washington, this 24th day of August, A. D. 1904.

JAMES R. COUTTS, Collector of the City of Barre, Vermont.

REAL ESTATE SALE FOR PAVING ASSESSMENT.

Whereas, the Street Commissioners of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington and State of Vermont, in pursuance to the resolution of its City Council, duly passed, did on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1903, assess upon the lands of the Congregational Society of Barre, Vt., for grading, paving, macadamizing, curbing and guttering a certain portion of South Main Street, in said City of Barre, upon the following described lands of said Congregational Society abutting on said street, to-wit:

Bounded Southerly by land owned by Fred A. Slayton, Northerly by Prospect Street, and Easterly by South Main Street.

The sum of \$4,263 per front foot, of said land abutting on said South Main street, amounting in all to the sum of Sixty Four and 84-100 Dollars.

Now, this is to warn the said Jenette Martin who has not paid said assessment and neglects and refuses so to do to the City Treasurer of said City of Barre, or to the subscriber, and all whom it may concern, that so much of said lands will be sold at public auction at and upon said land and premises as described above, of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington, aforesaid, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1904, at 1:30 o'clock, p. m., as will be requisite to discharge said assessment with costs.

Dated at the City of Barre in said County of Washington, this 24th day of August, A. D. 1904.

JAMES R. COUTTS, Collector of the City of Barre, Vermont.

assessment and neglects and refuses so to do to the City Treasurer of the said City of Barre, or to the subscriber, and all whom it may concern, that so much of said lands will be sold at public auction at and upon said land and premises as described above, of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington, aforesaid, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1904, at 11:30 o'clock, a. m., as will be requisite to discharge said assessment with costs.

Dated at the City of Barre in said County of Washington, this 24th day of August, A. D. 1904.

JAMES R. COUTTS, Collector of the City of Barre, Vermont.

REAL ESTATE SALE FOR PAVING ASSESSMENT.

Whereas, the Street Commissioners of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington and State of Vermont, in pursuance to the resolution of its City Council, duly passed, did on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1903, assess upon the lands of Sarah Mower, for grading, paving, macadamizing, curbing and guttering a certain portion of South Main Street, in said City of Barre, upon the following described lands of said Sarah Mower, abutting on said Street, to-wit:

Bounded Southerly by land owned by Fred A. Slayton and Minnie A. Slayton, Northerly by land owned by Fred A. Slayton and Easterly by South Main Street.

The sum of \$4,263 per front foot, of said land abutting on said South Main street, amounting in all to the sum of Two Hundred Fifteen 43-100 Dollars.

Now, this is to warn the said Sarah Mower who has not paid said assessment and neglects and refuses so to do to the City Treasurer of said City of Barre, or to the subscriber, and all whom it may concern, that so much of said lands will be sold at public auction at and upon said land and premises as described above, of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington, aforesaid, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1904, at 5 o'clock, p. m., as will be requisite to discharge said assessment with costs.

Dated at the City of Barre in said County of Washington, this 24th day of August, A. D. 1904.

JAMES R. COUTTS, Collector of the City of Barre, Vermont.

REAL ESTATE SALE FOR PAVING ASSESSMENT.

Whereas, the Street Commissioners of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington and State of Vermont, in pursuance to the resolution of its City Council, duly passed, did on the 21st day of November, A. D. 1903, assess upon the lands of First Universalist Society, F. T. Cutler, H. D. Camp and W. H. Gladding, trustees, for grading, paving, macadamizing, curbing and guttering a certain portion of North Main Street, in said City of Barre, upon the following described lands of said First Universalist Society abutting on said street, to-wit:

Bounded Northerly by land owned by said First Universalist Society of Barre, westerly by Jail Branch and the right of way of the Barre Railroad Co. and southerly by land owned by John W. Gordon, Easterly by North Main Street.

The sum of \$4,038.4 per front foot of foot of said land abutting on said North Main street, amounting in all to the sum of Thirty and 82-100 Dollars.

Now, this is to warn the said First Universalist Society who has not paid said assessment and neglects and refuses so to do to the City Treasurer of said City of Barre, or to the subscriber and all whom it may concern that so much of said lands will be sold at public auction at and upon said land and premises as described above, of the City of Barre, in the County of Washington, aforesaid, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1904, at eleven o'clock, a. m., as will be requisite to discharge said assessment with costs.